



Multifamily Development Standards

Multifamily Residential Zones

- 9102.01.010 Purpose and Intent
- 9102.01.020 Land Use Regulations and Allowable Uses
- 9102.01.030 Development Standards in Single-Family Residential Zones (R-M, R-0, R-1)
- 9102.01.040 Additional Residential Development Standards in Single-Family Residential Zones
- 9102.01.050 Permitted Projections in Single-Family Residential Zones
- 9102.01.060 Accessory Structures in Single-Family Residential Zones
- 9102.01.070 Swimming Pools, Spas, Water Features, and Ornamental Features
- 9102.01.080 Accessory Dwelling Units
- 9102.01.100 Additional Residential Development Standards in Multifamily Zones
- 9102.01.120 Site Design and Architectural Standards
- 9102.01.130 Exterior Lighting Standards for Residential Properties and Zones
- 9102.01.140 Other Applicable Regulations

9102.01.010 Purpose and Intent

The purpose of the residential zones is to:

1. Provide for a full range of housing types and densities consistent with the General Plan;
 2. Preserve, protect, and enhance the character of Arcadia's residential neighborhoods and the quality of life of City residents;
 3. Ensure adequate light, air, privacy, and open space for each dwelling; and
 4. Ensure that the scale and design of new development and alterations to existing structures are compatible with surrounding homes and appropriate to the physical characteristics of the site and the area where the project is proposed.
- D. **R-2 Medium Density Residential Zone.** The R-2 zone is intended to provide areas for a variety of dwelling types and accessory uses compatible with the residential use of the zone. Types of dwelling units include attached or detached single unit and multi-unit homes and duplexes at a density of six to 12 dwelling units per acre. This zone implements the General Plan Medium Density Residential designation.
- E. **R-3 High Density Residential Zone.** The R-3 zone is intended to provide areas for a variety of medium- to high-density residential development and accessory uses compatible with the residential use of the zone. Types of dwelling units include single-unit attached, townhomes, condominiums, and apartment structures at a density of 12 to 30 units per acre. This zone implements the General Plan High Density Residential designation.
- F. **R-3-R Restricted High Density Residential Zone.** The R-3-R zone is intended to provide areas for medium to high-density residential development at a density of 12 to 30 units per acre but restricted to one story in height. Accessory uses compatible with the residential use the zone are also permitted. This zone implements the General Plan High Density Residential designation.

9102.01.020 Land Use Regulations and Allowable Uses

- A. **Allowed Uses.** Table 2-1 (Allowed Uses and Permit Requirements for Residential Zones) indicates the uses allowed within each residential zone and any permits required to establish the use, pursuant to Division 7 (Permit Processing Procedures). The regulations for each zone are established by letter designations as follows:

- "P" represents permitted (allowed) uses.
- "A" represents accessory uses.

"M" designates uses that require the approval of a Minor Use Permit subject to requirements of Section 9107.09 (Conditional Use Permit and Minor Use Permit) of this Development Code.
 "C" designates uses that require the approval of a Conditional Use Permit subject to requirements of Section 9107.09 (Conditional Use Permit and Minor Use Permit) of this Development Code.

**9102.01.090 Development Standards in Multifamily Residential Zones (R-2, R-3 and R-3-R)
 Amended by Ord. No. 2347**

New land uses and structures, and alterations to existing land uses and structures, shall be designed, constructed, and/or established in compliance with the requirements in Tables 2-1 ((Allowed Uses and Permit Requirements for Residential Zones) and 2-6 (Development Standards for Multifamily Residential Zones), and the development standards in Division 3 (Regulations Applicable to All Zones-Site Planning and General Development Standards). Additional regulations are denoted in the right hand column of Table 2-6. Development standards for accessory dwelling units are located in Section 9102.01.080 (Accessory Dwelling Units), garages and other parking areas are located in Section 9103.07 (Off-Street Parking and Loading).

Table 2-6 Development Standards for Multifamily Residential Zones (R-2, R-3 and R-3-R)				
Development Feature	R-2	R-3-R	R-3	Additional Requirements
Lot Standards				
Minimum Lot Area (sq ft)	7,500	10,000	10,000	
Minimum Lot Width				
At Front Property Line	75 ft; 44 ft for cul-de-sac lots; 85 ft if reversed corner	100 ft	100 ft; 57 ft for cul-de-sac lots; 85 ft if reversed corner lot	
At Front Setback Line	75 ft; 85 ft if reversed corner	100 ft; 85 ft if reversed corner lot	100 ft; 85 ft if reversed corner lot	
Minimum Lot Depth	100 ft	100 ft	100 ft	
Structure Form and Location Standards				
Maximum Density	1 unit per 3,750 sf of lot area	1 unit per 1,450 sf of lot area	1 unit per 1,450 sf of lot area	
Minimum Density	2 units per lot	none	1 unit per 2,200 sf of lot area	See Subsection 9102.01.100.A (Exceptions to Minimum Density in R-2 and R-3)
Minimum Setbacks				
Front	25 ft	25 ft	25 ft	For other setback regulations refer to Subsections 9103.01.060 (Setback Measurements and Exceptions), 9102.01.100 (Additional Residential Development Standards in Multifamily Zones), and Subsection 9103.01.070 (Vehicular Visibility Standards).
Side <i>Interior</i>	10 ft	10 ft	10 ft	
<i>Corner and Reverse</i>	25 ft	25 ft	25 ft	
Rear	10 ft	10 ft	10 ft	
Maximum Lot Coverage	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Minimum Distance between Structures	6 ft	6 ft	6 ft	

**Table 2-6
Development Standards for
Multifamily Residential Zones (R-2, R-3 and R-3-R)**

Development Feature	R-2	R-3-R	R-3	Additional Requirements
Maximum Height	30 ft	18 ft	30 ft	See also Subsection 9102.01.100.H (Exceptions to Height Limit in R-2 and R-3 Zones) and See Subsection 9103.01.050 (Height Measurements and Exceptions).
Maximum Street-Facing Porch Height	14 ft	14 ft	14 ft	Maximum Street-Facing Porch Height
Minimum Open Space (sq ft per unit)	100	100	100	See Subsection 9102.01.100.D (Open Space Requirements for R-2, R-3, and R-3-R).
Garages and Parking Areas	See Section 9103.07 (Off-Street Parking and Loading)			

**9102.01.100 Additional Residential Development Standards in Multifamily Zones
Amended by Ord. No. 2347**

A. Exceptions to Minimum Density in R-2 and R-3

1. **Lot Width Exception.** If a lot regulated by this Division has a width of 50 feet or less, it may be developed with less than the required minimum density but not less than two dwelling units on the lot. Development of this type shall be considered through the Modification process described in Section 9107.05 (Administrative Modifications).
2. **Lot Size Exception.** If a lot regulated by this Division has a lot size of 6,000 square feet or less, it may be developed with less than the minimum density, including one single-family dwelling unit. Development of this type shall be considered through the Administrative Modification process described in Section 9107.05 (Administrative Modifications). A new or expansion to an existing single-family dwelling shall be reviewed in compliance with the regulations applicable to the zone in which the dwelling is located.

B. No Parking within Front and/or Street Side Setbacks. No parking shall be allowed within required front and/or street side setbacks, or within any landscaped area not designated as a driveway or vehicle parking area.

C. Exception to Side Setback in R-2, R-3, and R-3-R. On lots that are less than 65 feet in width, the enclosed single-story garage portion of a dwelling unit may encroach a maximum of five feet into the required interior side setback, provided that no living space is included in the encroachment.

D. Open Space Requirements for R-2, R-3, and R-3-R

1. **Type.** Open space shall be in the form of private or common open space via balconies, courtyards, at-grade patios (rear and side of the units), rooftop decks, gardens, or terraces.
2. **Minimum Dimension.** Balconies that are 30 inches or less in width or depth shall not be counted as open space.
3. **Location.** Private open space shall be contiguous and directly accessible from the unit it serves, with a minimum dimension in all directions of 10 feet.

- E. Roof Decks.** Roof decks are permitted, subject to Site Plan and Design Review, in the R-2 and R-3 zones provided that roof decks meet the following development standards:
1. **Location.** Roof decks shall be set back five feet from all building lines of the structure. The building line shall be measured from the roof edge of the story directly below the deck.
 2. **Height Limits.** The guardrail and other objects, whether permanent or temporary, which rest upon the roof deck such as patio furniture, landscaping, swimming pool features, and storage, shall be allowed to exceed the maximum height limit specified in Subsection 9102.01.090 (Development Standards in Multifamily Residential Zones) by up to five feet. Exterior stairways and other access features such as stairwells or elevators for access to roof decks shall not exceed the residential zoning district's height limit by more than 10 feet and shall be architecturally integrated into the design of the structure.
 3. **Screening.** The roof deck area shall be appropriately designed so as not to be visible from all sides of the structure or from the grade below. Appropriate screening shall be architecturally compatible with and integrated into the existing structure as determined by the Director. The solid screening may include roofing, solid parapet walls, or other methods architecturally compatible with the design of the structure.
 4. **Architecturally Compatible.** The roof deck shall be architecturally compatible with the existing exterior materials and colors of the existing structure, and appear as an integral part of the roof system.
 5. **Furniture.** All furniture and accessories located on a roof deck shall be secured as necessary to prevent wind damage or dislocation.
- F. Laundry.** If a laundry area is not provided in every unit, a common laundry area shall be provided with a minimum of one washer and one dryer for each eight units. Such common laundry area shall be centrally located to the units to be served.
- G. Water Features in the R-2, R-3, and R-3-R Zones.** The following limitations shall apply for the installation of any water feature (including fountains and ponds, but excluding swimming pools and spas) and its mechanical equipment:
1. **Maximum Height.** The maximum height of a water feature shall not exceed four feet six inches, as measured from the adjacent existing grade.
 2. **Minimum Front Setback.** All water features shall be at least 15 feet from the front property line.
 3. **Minimum Side and Rear Setbacks.** All water features shall comply with applicable side and rear setback requirements of the primary structure.
 4. **Maximum Depth.** The maximum water depth of a water feature shall not exceed 18 inches measured from the highest possible water level, or as required by California Building Code Chapter 31 (Special construction), Section 3119.B.5 (Pools), as it may be amended from time to time.
- H. Exception to Height Limit in R-2 and R-3 Zones.** In the R-2 and R-3 zones, the ridge of a pitched roof on a primary structure may extend up to three feet above the maximum height limit. No portion of a roof with only one sloping plane may extend beyond the maximum height limit (commonly known as "shed roof" design).
- I. Setbacks when Abutting a Single family Zoned Property**
1. When abutting a single family zoned property, any structure shall be setback a minimum distance of 20 feet.
 2. Where a property line abuts a dedicated alley which separates the property from abutting a multi-family zoned property, the setback shall be measured from the centerline of the alley, and no portion of any structure shall encroach through a plane projected from an angle of 45 degrees, as measured at the ground level along the centerline of any alley.

9102.01.110 Permitted Projections in Multifamily Zones

- A. Permitted Architectural Projections in R-2, R-3, and R-3-R Zones.** In multifamily zones, architectural and similar features may extend into required setback areas as identified in Table 2-7 (Permitted Projections and Encroachment into Required Setback Areas in Multifamily Zones).

**Table 2-7
Permitted Projections and Encroachment into Required Setback Areas in Multifamily Zones**

Architectural Feature	Maximum Permitted Encroachment Distance into Required Setback Area		
	R2, R-3, and R-3-R Zones		
	Front	Side	Rear
Awnings	18 inches	--	18 inches
Balconies	--	--	--
Bay windows, garden windows ⁽¹⁾	18 inches	18 inches	18 inches
Chimneys	18 inches	18 inches	18 inches
Cornices, belt courses, buttresses, pilasters, pillars, sills	12 inches	--	--
Eaves	24 inches	24 inches	24 inches
Trellis structures and patio covers	--	--	--

Notes:

(1) Bay windows, garden windows, and other similar architectural projections shall have a vertical distance of 30 inches or greater between the lowest surface of the projection and the finished floor.

- B. Permitted Mechanical Equipment Projections in Multifamily Residential Zones.** Mechanical equipment shall not be located within any required front or side yard setback, and shall not be set back less than three feet from the rear lot line. Exception: Tankless water heaters may encroach 24 inches into any required interior side or rear yard provided that a minimum setback of four feet is maintained.

9102.01.120 Site Design and Architectural Standards

Structures erected or modified to accommodate the land use activities listed in this Division 2 (Zones, Allowable Uses, and Development Standards) shall be subject to Section 9107.19 (Site Plan and Design Review) of this Development Code.

9102.01.130 Exterior Lighting Standards for Residential Properties and Zones

- A. Light Fixtures.** Exterior lighting shall be hooded and arranged to reflect away from adjoining properties and streets. Light standards shall comply with the provisions for accessory buildings. Exterior light fixtures may be mounted on any exterior wall or structure at a maximum of 15 feet above the adjacent finished floor level. However, a light fixture adjacent to a second story balcony, deck, or exterior doors may be mounted on the wall at a maximum height of eight feet above the finished floor level.
- B. Level of Illumination.** Exterior lighting shall represent the minimum level of illumination necessary to meet the aesthetic and security needs of the property. Light sources, intensity of light, and color of light shall be designed and located to achieve security or decorative lighting goals without causing an adverse impact on neighboring properties. Light sources shall be designed and located to minimize spillover of light or glare onto neighboring properties.
- 1. Mounted Light Location.** Building-mounted lights shall be installed below the eave line. Pole or fence-mounted lights shall be located no more than eight feet above grade, except in residential parking lots.
 - 2. General Light Location.** Lighting shall only be installed adjacent to structures, walkways, driveways, or activity areas (decks, patios, spas and pools, and similar use areas) and focal landscape areas close to the residence or activity area.
 - 3. Lighting Intensity.** The lighting intensity within parking lots and adjacent areas shall be at least 1.0 foot-candle at all points, but shall not exceed an average of 3.0 foot-candles over the entire parking lot. Overall height of light standards shall be no more than 22 feet above finished grade.
- C. Lighting Plan.** Lighting plans may be required for common open space or recreation areas in multifamily developments to include a photo analysis demonstrating compliance with these lighting standards.

9102.01.140 Other Applicable Regulations

In addition to the requirements contained in this Section 9102.01 (Residential Zones), regulations contained in the following Sections may apply to development in residential zones.

Division 2 – Zones, Allowable Uses, and Development Standards (Section 9102.11 Overlay Zones)
Division 3 – Regulations Applicable to All Zones - Site Panning and General Development Standards
Division 4 – Regulations for Specific Land Uses and Activities

Section 9103.05 – Fences, Walls, and Gates

Subsections:

- 9103.05.010 Purpose and Intent
- 9103.05.020 Permit Requirements
- 9103.05.030 Development Standards
- 9103.05.040 Prohibited Fencing Materials in All Zones

9103.05.010 Purpose and Intent

- A. This Section establishes standards and regulations for the construction and maintenance of fences, walls, and gates, as the terms are defined in Division 9 (Definitions). The standards are intended to ensure that these types of structures provide the desired privacy and safety while avoiding becoming a public safety hazard or nuisance.
- B. For Specific Plans and Planned Developments, fence and wall heights shall comply with the standards contained within the applicable Specific Plan or Planned Development. Where the Specific Plan or Planned Development is silent with regard to fence and wall height, the standards for the zone that most closely reflects the Specific Plan or the Planned Development shall apply, as determined by the Director.

9103.05.020 Permit Requirements

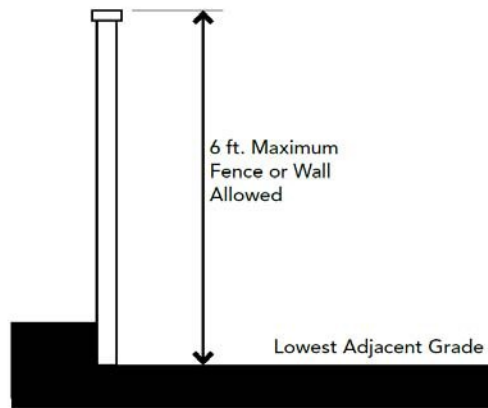
Construction of new fences, walls, and gates shall be subject to Site Plan and Design Review according to Section 9107.19 (Site Plan and Design Review).

9103.05.030 Development Standards

A. General

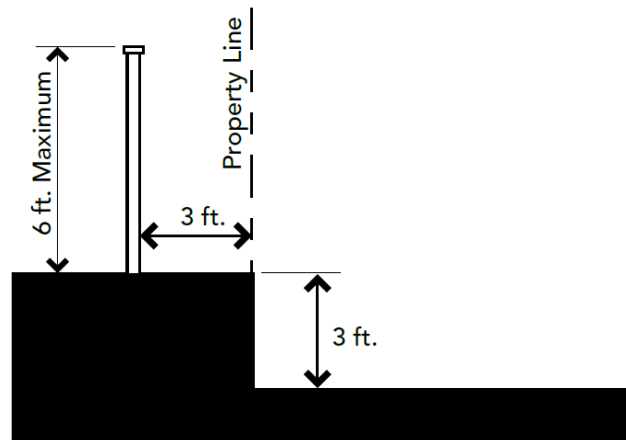
1. The fence or wall height shall be measured from the lowest adjacent grade to the uppermost part of the fence or wall. Refer to Figure 3-7 (Fence Height Measurement).
2. When there is a full landscaped parkway with no sidewalk, a fence and/or columns, excluding vehicular entry gate(s), may be placed adjacent to the front property line.
3. The need for any retaining walls and/or fences, and their heights, shall be determined by the Director and the Building Official through the Site Plan Review process. An administrative modification is not required for retaining walls and/or fences located on hillsides.
4. Temporary construction fencing that is of chain link or wire type may be allowed within the front and street side setback areas, provided it does not exceed six feet in height.
5. All fences, walls, and gates shall be subject to the height limitations described in Section 9103.01.070 (Vehicular Visibility Standards) of this Development Code.

Figure 3-7
Fence Height Measurement



- B. **Fence Height with Difference in Grade.** Where there is a difference in a grade between properties, a fence, wall, or gate may be a maximum height of six feet adjacent to the rear and property lines if such fence, wall, or gate maintains a minimum setback that is equal to the difference in grade between the properties. See Figure 3-8 (Fence Height Measurement with a Difference in Grade). In all other situations, the wall height shall comply with the provisions of this Section.

Figure 3-8
Fence Height Measurement with a Difference in Grade



C. Residential Zones

1. Fences, Walls, and Gates Located in the Front Setback

- a. The required setbacks, height dimensions, and spacing for fences, walls, and gates shall be as indicated in Table 3-2 (Fences, Walls, and Gates) and Figure 3-9 (Fences, Walls, and Gates).

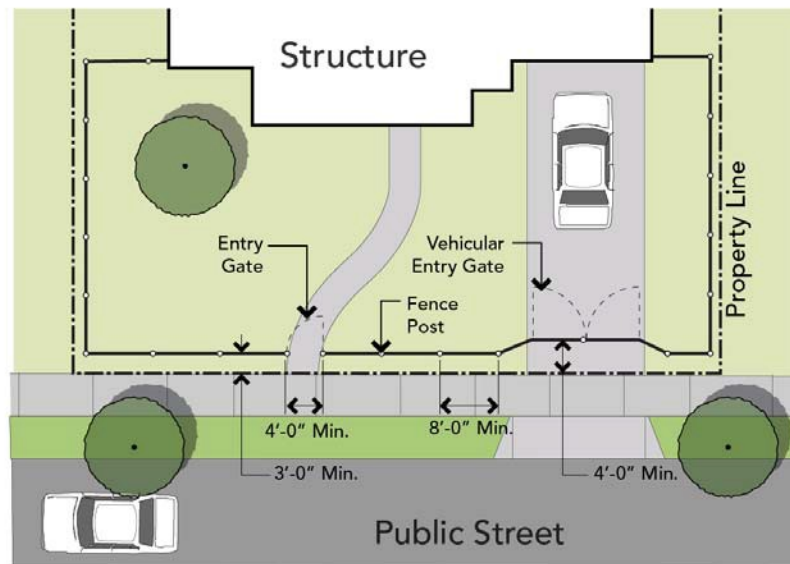
**Table 3-2
Fences, Walls, and Gates – Front Setback**

Front Setbacks	Regulations within Each Residential Zone					
	Zones					
	R-M	R-0	R-1	R-2	R-3	R-3-R
Setbacks						
Decorative fences, columns, and caps	3 ft minimum from property line					Fences, walls, and/or vehicular gates prohibited within front and street side setbacks. ⁽¹⁾
Vehicular entry gates and pilasters	4 ft minimum from the property line					
Height						
Decorative fences, columns, and caps:	4 ft maximum	4 ft maximum (N of Hugo Reid Drive) 3 ft maximum (S of Hugo Reid Drive)	3 ft maximum	4 ft maximum ⁽²⁾	4 ft maximum ⁽²⁾	3 ft maximum ⁽³⁾
Pedestrian entry gates, vehicular entry gates, and pilasters:	4 ft maximum	5 ft max (N of Hugo Reid Drive) 4 ft maximum (S of Hugo Reid Drive)	4 ft maximum	4 ft maximum ⁽²⁾	4 ft maximum ⁽²⁾	3 ft maximum ⁽³⁾
Decorative lights, limited to entry points at pedestrian and vehicular entry gates	18 inches above the maximum fence/column height					--
Decorative outdoor post mounted light fixture	8 ft maximum					--
Dimensions and Spacing						
Distance between decorative columns for a pedestrian entry gate.	4 ft minimum 8 ft maximum					---
Horizontal intervals of columns and posts	8 ft minimum					--
Dimension of columns and posts	24 inches maximum					---
Dimensions of caps	30 inches by 30 inches maximum					---
Garden arbor or pergola over a pedestrian walkway (allowed within the front setback area)	8 ft height maximum			--	--	--

Notes:

- (1) Except for guard rails and hand rails required for safety protection, or for reasonable accommodation (ADA) purposes, up to the minimum height required by the Building Code.
- (2) Applicable to properties with multifamily dwelling units that face the street-side of a lot.
- (3) Temporary construction fencing that is of chain link or wire type may be allowed within the front street and side setback areas, provided it does not exceed six feet in height.
- (4) For fences, walls, and gates in side and rear setback areas, see Subsection 9103.05.030C.5 (Fences, Walls, and Gates— Side and Rear Setback Areas)

**Figure 3-9
Fences, Walls, and Gates**



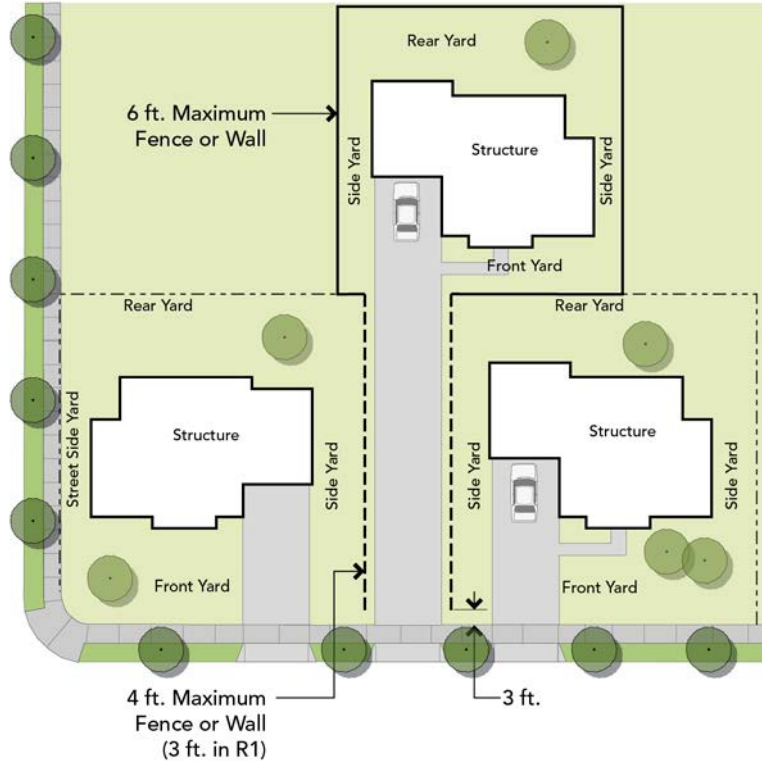
3. Fences, Walls, and Gates—Corner Lots

- a. All fences, walls, or gates, including height, design, and location within the street side setback or special setback area, shall be subject to Site Plan and Design Review pursuant to requirements Section 9107.19 (Site Plan and Design Review) in the R-2 and R-3 zones.
- b. On corner lots, fences, walls, and gates within the required street side setback or special setback are allowed up to six feet in height, measured at the street side property line, except as restricted by Subsection 9103.01.070 (Vehicular Visibility Standards)
- c. Fences, walls, and gates shall be setback a minimum of 18 inches from the street side property line.
- d. The area between the street side property line and the fence, wall, or gate shall have an appropriate irrigation system and decorative landscaping (shrubs, ground cover, flowers, plants, etc.). However, when there is a full landscaped parkway with no sidewalk, a fence, wall, and gate, excluding entry gate(s), may be placed to the street side property line in R-M, R-0, and R-1 Zones.

4. Fences, Walls, and Gates—Flag Lots

- a. Fences, walls, and gates on flag lots shall not be allowed in R-2, R-3-R, and R- 3 zones.
- b. In areas zoned R-M and R-0, a fence or wall may be allowed in the front setback and driveway area, provided that it does not exceed four feet in height. In the R-1 zone, the height shall not exceed three feet.
- c. Where a fence or wall is located within the front setback of a flag lot and the front property line of that flag lot abuts the rear property line of an adjacent lot, it may be allowed up to six feet in height. See Figure 3-12 (Fences and Walls on Flag Lots).

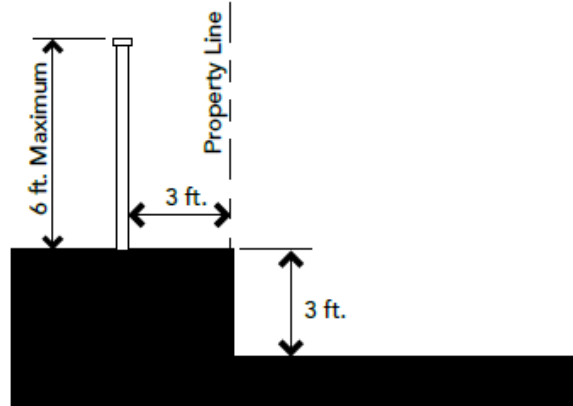
Figure 3-12
Fences and Walls on Flag Lots



5. Fences, Walls, and Gates—Side and Rear Setback Areas

- a. Fences, walls, and gates located within a required side and/or rear setback area(s) are allowed up to six feet in height, provided that no portion of any such fence, wall, or gate extends into the required front setback area.
- b. Where there is a difference in grade between properties, a wall or fence is allowed up to six feet in height adjacent to the rear and side property lines if the wall or fence maintains a minimum setback that is equal to the difference in grade between the properties. Where there is no difference in grade between properties, a wall shall comply with the height limitations unless it complies with the setbacks required for an accessory building. Refer to Figure 3-13 (Fences Walls and Gates with a Grade Difference). However, if the grade has been altered due to previous grading, the finished grade shall be subject to review and approval by the Director.
- c. Fences and walls are allowed adjacent to the property line in the side and rear setback areas.

Figure 3-13
Fences Walls and Gates with a Grade Difference



6. Walls for Tennis Courts

- a. A six-foot high solid masonry wall shall be installed on the property lines between the tennis court and adjacent properties. In the R-M, R-0 and R-1 zones, where the entire side of a tennis court is a minimum distance of 25 feet from a property line, a six-foot high solid masonry wall shall not be required along the property line.

9103.05.040 Prohibited Fencing Materials in All Zones

- A. No spears (apache, aristocrat with crushed spears, or any spear-like features) shall be allowed on a fence, wall, or gate.
- B. Chain link, corrugated fiberglass, bamboo fencing, and wire type fencing shall not be allowed, except chain link fencing is allowed as a fencing material enclosing sports courts and temporary construction fencing.

Section 9103.07 – Off-Street Parking and Loading

Subsections:

- 9103.07.010 Purpose and Intent
- 9103.07.020 Applicability
- 9103.07.030 Permit Requirements
- 9103.07.040 Exemptions
- 9103.07.050 Off-Street Parking for Residential Uses
- 9103.07.060 Off-Street Parking for Non-Residential Uses
- 9103.07.070 Mixed-Use (Nonresidential and Residential Combined) Parking Standards
- 9103.07.080 Parking Area Design Standards Applicable to All Zones
- 9103.07.090 Shared/Joint Use and Off-site Parking
- 9103.07.100 Valet Parking
- 9103.07.110 Parking Structures
- 9103.07.130 Landscape Standards for Parking Lots
- 9103.07.140 Parking for Electric and Alternative Fuel Vehicles
- 9103.07.150 Bicycle Parking Requirements
- 9103.07.160 Off-Street Loading

9103.07.010 Purpose and Intent

This Section establishes regulations to:

- A. Regulate off-street parking and loading to minimize traffic congestion and hazards to motorists, bicyclists, and pedestrians;
- B. Provide off-street parking in proportion to the needs generated by different land uses;
- C. Ensure access to projects by emergency response vehicles; and
- D. Ensure that parking areas are designed to operate efficiently and effectively and in a manner compatible with on-site and surrounding land uses.

9103.07.020 Applicability

- A. All terms defined in Division 9 (Definitions), except as provided, shall apply to this Section. The minimum off-street parking spaces established in this Section shall be provided for new construction or intensification of use, and for the enlargement or increased capacity and use of land.
- B. All required parking spaces shall be maintained in connection with the building or structure and use of land. The regulations within this Section apply:
 - 1. At the time of the erection of any building and/or structure; or
 - 2. Before the time any building or structure is enlarged or increased in capacity by adding dwelling units, guest rooms, floor area or seats; or
 - 3. At a time that a usage requiring a higher number of parking spaces than the existing or previous use is applied.
- C. Nothing in this Section shall be deemed to limit the power of the Director, Commission, or Council, acting either on its own or on appeal, to require parking of increased numbers or alternative types and arrangements as part of the conditions of approval to a discretionary permit or to mitigate environmental impacts.

9103.07.030 Permit Requirements

- A. **New Parking Lots.** New parking lot design shall be reviewed as part of the building permit process and any other land use or development permit process required for a project. A site plan of the premises shall be required for all new parking. The site plan

shall be submitted to the Director in conjunction with the required permit(s) and shall include sufficient detail to determine compliance with the provisions of this Section. The site plan shall be approved, modified, and/or denied through the normal process of approving, modifying, and/or denying the permit causing the submission of the site plan or other discretionary permit.

- B. Modification of Existing Parking Lots.** Except otherwise stated in this Section, modification or improvement to an existing parking lot which impacts the parking space layout, configuration, and/or number of stalls shall require the review and approval by the Director of a Site Plan and Design Review pursuant to the requirements of Section 9107.19 (Site Plan and Design Review).

9103.07.040 Exemptions

- A. Modification of Existing Lots.** The following parking lot improvements shall be considered minor in nature, as long as the number and/or configuration of parking stalls are not altered. These improvements shall be exempt from permit requirements, except for permits that may be required by the Building Official.
1. Repair of any defects in the surface of the parking area, including holes and cracks.
 2. Resurfacing, slurry coating, and restriping of a parking area with identical delineation of parking spaces.
 3. Repair or replacement of damaged planters and curbs in the same location.
 4. Installation of parking stalls reserved as accessible parking stalls in compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA), and any required ADA passenger loading areas.

9103.07.050 Off-Street Parking for Residential Uses

- A. Number Required.** Unless off-street parking reductions are allowed in compliance with provisions identified, off-street parking spaces shall be provided in compliance with Table 3-3 (Off-Street Parking Requirements: Residential Uses). These standards shall be considered the minimum required to preserve the public health, safety, and welfare of the community. An increase or decrease in the parking requirements may be determined by the Review Authority in particular circumstances where these requirements are inadequate for a specific project. These cases shall be determined through a parking study as outlined in this Division.
- B. Off-Street Parking Requirement Calculations.** Table 3-3 (Off-Street Parking Requirements: Residential Uses) establishes the off-street parking requirements for number of spaces. Except as otherwise specifically stated, the following rules apply:
1. "Square feet" or "sf" shall mean "square feet of floor area" and refer to floor area as defined in Division 9 (Definitions), unless otherwise specified.
 2. Any fractional parking space greater than or equal to one-half shall be rounded to the next whole number. If the fraction is less than 0.49 of a space, the total number of spaces shall be rounded down to the nearest whole number.
- C. Off-Street Residential Parking Requirements for Residential Uses**
1. **Uses Not Listed.** The number of parking spaces required for land uses not specifically listed shall be determined by the Director based on common functional, product, or compatibility characteristics and activities. The determination is considered a formal interpretation of the Development Code and shall be decided and recorded accordingly. The interpretations shall have the same force of law as the provisions of this Section. Any inclusion of land uses in this Section shall be defined and included in Division 9 (Definitions), and shall be included in the land uses in Division 2 (Zones, Allowable Uses, and Development Standards).

**Table 3-3
Off-Street Parking Requirements: Residential Uses**

Land Use	Minimum Parking Spaces Required
Multifamily Dwellings	For the R-2, R-3 and R-3-R Zones: 2 covered spaces per unit, plus guest parking as follows: 1 guest parking space per each 2 units
Mixed Use Units	1.5 spaces per unit and 1 guest space for every 3 units
Live/Work Units	1 space per unit and 1 space per 1,000 square feet of nonresidential floor area
Senior Housing (when restricted to age 62 and older)	For senior affordable apartment housing: 1 space per unit, and 1 guest space for every 4 units for assisted living facilities: 1.5 spaces per unit For senior market rate housing: 2 spaces per unit

Notes:

(1) A tandem parking space may be allowed to satisfy the third required, or any non-required, parking space, subject to Design Review approval.

- Residential Use: When Required Covered or Garage Parking Cannot Be Provided.** Apart from the requirements for parking in a garage contained in Table 3-3 (Off-Street Parking Requirements: Residential Uses) for residential uses, wherever required covered or garage parking cannot be provided due to physical limitations on a property, an alternative parking arrangement for the remaining required parking can be arranged by the approval of an Administrative Modification subject to the requirements of Section 9107.05 (Administrative Modifications).

D. Parking Location

- Parking spaces shall be designed, constructed, and maintained in a manner that does not preclude direct and free access to stairways, walkways, elevators, any pedestrian way, and fire safety equipment.
- Vehicle parking (and access thereto) shall be provided on a permanently paved surface.
- When required off-street parking spaces are provided on a separate lot from the building or land use, Subsection 9103.07.090 (Shared/Joint Use and Off-site Parking) shall apply.

9103.07.050

- Standard Residential Parking Stall Dimensions.** Required parking stalls, including guest parking spaces, within all residential zones shall meet the dimension requirements set forth in Table 3-4 (Parking Space Dimensions-Residential Zones). Dimensions shall be measured from interior building wall.

**Table 3-4
Parking Space Dimensions-Residential Zones**

Zone	Size of Parking Stall (minimum)		
	Width (General)	When Adjacent to Wall or Structure	Length
R-2, R-3, and R-3-R	9 ft	11 ft, 6 in	19 ft

G. Residential Driveways

- Paving.** All parking areas and driveways shall be paved with cement concrete. Other paving materials, including brick may be substituted with review and approval by the Director of a Site Plan and Design Review pursuant to the requirements of Section 9107.19 (Site Plan and Design Review).

2. **Width.** The maximum width of driveways within residential zones shall be 20 feet for single-family zones and 25 feet for multifamily zones. The maximum width for all single-family and multi-family residential common driveways shall not exceed 30 feet.
3. **Does Not Fulfill Parking Requirement.** No portion of any required driveway shall be used to fulfill any parking space requirements.
4. R-M, R-0 and R-1 Zones—(not applicable)
5. R-2, R-3 and R-3-R Zones
 - a. Each driveway to a parking space shall be at least 10 feet wide.
 - b. Every driveway serving as access to more than 12 required parking spaces or which is more than 125 feet long shall have a minimum width of 18 feet. Two 10-foot wide driveways may be provided in lieu of one 18-foot driveway.
 - c. Each driveway adjacent to a garage or parking space shall have a minimum width of 25 feet.
 - d. "Guest Parking Only" signs with letters not less than two inches in height shall be properly located to designate guest parking spaces.
 - f. Common/shared driveways shall be allowed, provided the owners of the lots show proof of a recorded easement or other legal instruments authorizing the use of a shared driveway arrangement and further provided that a covenant, in recordable form by its terms to be for the benefit of, enforceable by, and to be released only by the City, is executed by the owners of all property affected. The covenant shall state that the common/shared driveway shall be usable by the tenants and owners of the properties proposed to be served by the driveway. Recordation of this instrument shall be completed before the issuance of a Building Permit.
 - g. Eaves which are at least 13 feet above the pavement may overhang any driveway by a distance of not more than three feet.

H. Circular Driveways for Residential Zones

1. Lots with street frontage of 100 feet or greater are eligible for circular driveways.
2. On lots with more than one street frontage, a circular driveway shall be located on the street frontage that is 100 feet or greater; provided, however, that not more than one circular driveway shall be allowed for any one lot.
3. The circular driveway shall not be less than nine feet in width and shall not have a width greater than 15 feet.
4. The inside edge of the circular driveway shall be located a minimum distance of 25 from the property line at the street right-of-way.

I. Tandem Parking Spaces. Tandem parking spaces may be allowed in residential and mixed-use zones in compliance with the following requirements, and subject to Site Plan and Design Review pursuant to Section 9107.19 (Site Plan and Design Review).

1. For multifamily development projects, tandem spaces shall not constitute more than 20 percent of all required spaces and shall not be permitted to meet guest parking requirements.
2. For single-family units, tandem parking may be provided within a garage, provided that such garage has an interior space measuring at least 20 feet by 20 feet adjacent to the garage door and at least one required parking space shall be in a regular (non-tandem) format.
3. The size of the tandem parking space shall be 11 feet by 19 feet, 6 inches and shall allow adequate maneuvering room for both vehicles and pedestrians around the tandem spaces.
4. Tandem parking may be used as an alternative parking approach in circumstances where physical limitations exist on a property that prevent the provision of the minimum parking requirements.

Landscape Standards—Multi-Family Zones

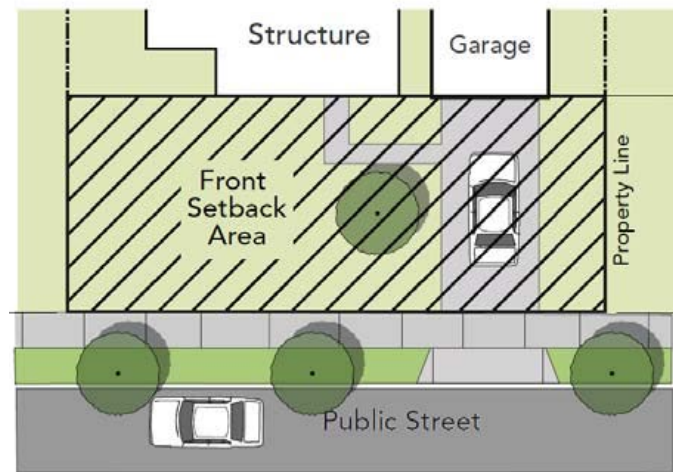
9103.09.030 Landscape Plan Required; What Constitutes Landscape Materials

- A. **Plan Check Requirements and Content.** A Landscape Documentation Package prepared by a licensed landscape architect shall be required for all applicable projects as described in the Water Efficient Landscaping Ordinance (see Section 7554.3), and for any project involving the installation of artificial turf within the front or street side yards.

9103.09.040 Landscape Requirements

- A. **Applicability.** The standards in this Section shall apply to residential and non-residential uses.
- B. **Landscape Requirement for Residential Zones.** All areas of a site not devoted to structures, driveways, or walkways shall be landscaped with lawn, trees, shrubs, or other plant materials, and shall be permanently maintained in a neat and orderly manner.

Figure 3-17
Front Setback Area – 60% Landscaping Required



3. **R-2 and R-3, and R-3-R Zones.** At least 60 percent of the required front setback shall be irrigated and landscaped with lawn, trees, shrubs or other plant materials. Specific landscaping plans shall be reviewed through the Site Plan and Design Review process (Section 9107.19).

D. Artificial Turf

1. Locations Permitted

- a. **Back Yards and Interior Side Setback Areas.** Artificial turf is permitted in any zone within any back yard and/or interior side setback areas.
- b. **Front and Street-Side Yards.** In any zone, a maximum of 15 percent of the yard area within the front or street side yards may be installed with artificial turf. Artificial turf shall not be installed within 10 feet of a sidewalk or within 20 feet from the curb if there is no sidewalk.
- c. **Not Permitted in Parkway.** Artificial turf is not permitted within any parkway areas.

2. **Minimum Standards.** To be used in the front or street-side yard, artificial turf must meet minimum standards for materials, installation, and maintenance.

- a. **Materials and Style.** Artificial turf must have a minimum eight-year no-fade warranty as issued by the manufacturer; be cut-pile infill and made from lead-free polypropylene, polyethylene or a blend of such fibers on a permeable backing;

and, have a minimum blade length (pile height) of 1.5 inches, or as determined by the Director as manufacturing processes are updated. Nylon-based or plastic grass blades are not permitted. The use of indoor/outdoor carpeting, and artificial shrubs, flowers, trees and vines instead of natural plantings is prohibited. Infill medium must consist of ground rubber; rubber coated sand or other approved mixtures and must be brushed into the fibers of the artificial turf. The style of the fiber, color, and texture shall resemble fescue, rye, and other common natural grass blades.

- b. **Installation.** Artificial turf must be installed per all manufacturer's requirements and must include removal of all existing plant material and top three inches of soil in the installation area; placement of filter fabric or synthetic porous material over compacted and porous crushed rock or other comparable material below the turf surface to provide adequate drainage; and, the area must be sloped and graded to prevent excessive pooling, runoff, or flooding onto adjacent property. Artificial turf areas must be sufficiently drained to live planting areas to provide complete infiltration of runoff. Artificial turf must be separated from live planting areas by a barrier such as a mow strip or bender board to prevent mixing of natural plant materials and artificial turf. Artificial turf must be permanently anchored with nails and glue, and all seams must be nailed, or sewn, and glued, with the grain pointing in a single direction.
- c. **Maintenance.** Artificial turf must be maintained in a green, fadeless condition; free of weeds, stains, debris, tears, holes, depressions, ruts, odors, and looseness at edges and seams. Damaged or worn areas in the artificial turf surface must be repaired or removed and replaced in a manner that results in consistent appearance with the existing artificial turf. The artificial turf surface must be replaced once it is unable to be maintained as required. Vehicle parking on artificial turf is prohibited.

9103.09.050 Landscape Irrigation and Maintenance

- A. The owner of any property, or any other person or agent in control of a property, on which is located any retaining walls, cribbing, drainage structures, planted slopes and other protective devices, required according to a permit granted under this Code or required under the issuance of a grading permit, shall maintain the retaining walls, cribbing, drainage structures, planted slopes, and other protective devices in good condition and repair at all times.
- B. All landscaped areas in non residential zones shall be provided with a permanent irrigation system installed below grade except for sprinkler heads. All domestic water supply lines to which irrigation systems are connected shall, when necessary, be protected by installation of atmospheric or pressure type vacuum breakers. At least one hose bibb shall be located each 100 linear feet, starting with one hose bibb at the front wall. Hose bibbs, wherever possible, shall be located in planting beds. In no case shall hose bibbs be located where they will interfere with pedestrian or vehicular circulation.